THE FINAL TOAST!
They bombed Tokyo 73 years ago.

They once were among the most universally admired and revered men in the United States. There were 80 of the Raiders in April 1942, when they carried out one of the most courageous and heart-stirring military operations in this nation's history. The mere mention of their unit's name, in those years, would bring tears to the eyes of grateful Americans.
After Japan's sneak attack on Pearl Harbor, with the United States reeling and wounded, something dramatic was needed to turn the war effort around.

Even though there were no friendly airfields close enough to Japan for the United States to launch a retaliation, a daring plan was devised. Sixteen B-25s were modified so that they could take off from the
deck of an aircraft carrier. This had never before been tried -- sending such big, heavy bombers from a carrier.
The 16 five-man crews, under the command of Lt. Col. James Doolittle, who himself flew the lead plane off the USS Hornet, knew that they would not be able to return to the carrier. They would have to hit Japan and then hope to make it to China for a safe landing.
But on the day of the raid, the Japanese military caught wind of the plan. The Raiders were told that they would have to take off from much farther out in the Pacific Ocean than they had counted on. They were told that because of this they would not have enough fuel to make it to safety. And those men went anyway.
They bombed Tokyo and then flew as far as they could. Four planes crash-landed; 11 more crews bailed out, and three of the Raiders died. Eight more were captured; three were executed.

Another died of starvation in a Japanese prison camp. One crew made it to Russia.
B-25Bs on board USS Hornet, while en route to raid Japan, April 1942
The Doolittle Raiders sent a message from the United States to its enemies, and to the rest of the world: We will fight. And, no matter what it takes, we will win.

Of the 80 Raiders, 62 survived the war. They were celebrated as national heroes, models of bravery. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer produced a motion picture based on the raid; "Thirty Seconds Over Tokyo," starring Spencer Tracy and Van Johnson, was a patriotic and emotional box-office hit, and the phrase became part of the national lexicon. In the movie-theater previews for the film, MGM proclaimed that it was presenting the story "with supreme pride."
Beginning in 1946, the surviving Raiders have held a reunion each April, to commemorate the mission. The reunion is in a different city each year. In 1959, the city of Tucson, Arizona, as a gesture of respect and gratitude, presented the Doolittle Raiders with a set of 80 silver goblets. Each goblet was engraved with the name of a Raider.
Huge Celebration Here To Greet Peace

AREA PLANTS SEEK POSTWAR HELP

Despite promises by government officials of ample welfare for veterans who are expected to return from the war, many of the area plants seem to have failed to do their part. The industry of the war has shut down many of these plants, and it seems they are not yet sure how they will resume their operations. This is especially true in the area plants that are expected to have a reduced output.

The report by the government officials indicates that the industry of the war has been reduced to about one-fifth of its normal level. This reduction is expected to continue, and it is hoped that the industry will resume its operations at a later date. However, the report also states that the government is planning to take over the operation of some of these plants and will be responsible for their maintenance and operation.

TO GOVERN JAPAN

A cabinet consisting of partly civilian leaders was formed in Tokyo last week. The cabinet was formed in response to the Japanese surrender and is intended to lead the country to a peaceful future. The cabinet is led by the former prime minister, who has been appointed by the Allied powers. The cabinet is expected to be in office for a limited period, and it will be responsible for preparing the country for a new future after the war.

PEACE GETS WILD WELCOME

A crowd estimated at 20,000 people was present at the Raritan Valley Railroad Station in New Jersey when the first train arrived with Japanese soldiers. The soldiers were greeted with cheers and applause as they disembarked from the train. The crowd was led by the local mayor, who welcomed the soldiers and thanked them for their service.

GATHERED IN CHURCH

The church was crowded with the soldiers and civilians who had come to welcome them. The soldiers were greeted with cheers and applause as they entered the church. The service was led by the local minister, who welcomed the soldiers and thanked them for their service.

BAND PLAYS

The band played a variety of songs and music as the soldiers were greeted by the crowd. The service was a somber and emotional one, as the soldiers reflected on their service and the sacrifices they had made.

HUGH LEE CLAYTON
Every year, a wooden display case bearing all 80 goblets is transported to the reunion city. Each time a Raider passes away, his goblet is turned upside down in the case at the next reunion, as his old friends bear solemn witness.
Also in the wooden case is a bottle of 1896 Hennessy Very Special cognac. The year is not happenstance: 1896 was when Jimmy Doolittle was born.
There has always been a plan: When there are only two surviving Raiders, they would open the bottle, at last drink from it, and toast their comrades who preceded them in death.

As 2013 began, there were five living Raiders; then, in February, Tom Griffin passed away at age 96.
What a man he was. After bailing out of his plane over a mountainous Chinese forest after the Tokyo raid, he became ill with malaria, and almost died. When he recovered, he was sent to Europe to fly more combat missions. He was shot down, captured, and spent 22 months in a German prisoner of war camp.
The selflessness of these men, the sheer guts ... there was a passage in the Cincinnati Enquirer obituary for Mr. Griffin that, on the surface, had nothing to do with the war, but that was emblematic of the depth of his sense of duty and devotion:

"When his wife became ill and needed to go into a nursing home, he visited her every day. He walked from his house to the nursing home, fed his wife and at the end of the day brought home her clothes. At night, he washed and ironed her clothes. Then he walked them up to her room the next morning. He did that for three years until her death in 2005."
In 2012, out of the original 80, only four Raiders remained: Dick Cole (Doolittle's co-pilot on the Tokyo raid), Robert Hite, Edward Saylor and David Thatcher. All are in their 90s. They decided that there were too few of them for the public reunions to continue.

The events in Fort Walton Beach marked the end. It has come full circle; Florida's nearby Eglin Field was where the Raiders trained in secrecy for the Tokyo mission. The town did all it could to honor the men: a six-day celebration of their valor, including luncheons, a dinner and a parade.
Do the men ever wonder if those of us for whom they helped save the country have tended to it in a way that is worthy of their sacrifice? They don't talk about that, at least not around other people. But if you should encounter any of the Raiders, you might want to offer them a word of thanks. I can tell you from first hand observation that they appreciate hearing that they are remembered.

The men decided that they would get together once more in 2013, at the Air Force Museum. That is when they will open the bottle of brandy. The years are flowing by too swiftly now; they are not going to wait until there are only two of them.

They will fill the four remaining upturned goblets. And raise them in a toast to those who are gone.

Added Note: Only 3 of the 4 surviving Raiders were able to attend the toast in 2013. And 2 of the 4 have since died. As of November 2015, only 2 survive.
Their 70th Anniversary Photo

PLEASE SEND THIS ON TO EVERYONE

MAY GOD BLESS THEM!